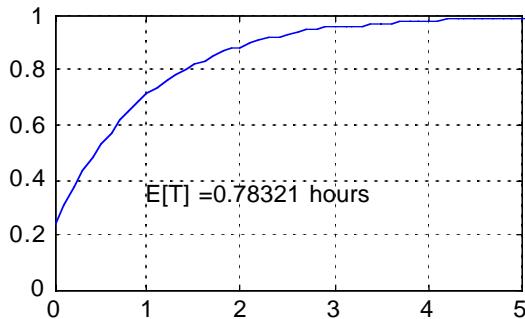


Search and Detection
 $\lambda-\sigma$ Acoustic Detection Model

1. Using the $\lambda-\sigma$ model with $SE_{bar} = -3.5\text{dB}$; $\lambda=4$ jumps/hr; and $\sigma=5$ dB,
 - a. compute and plot CDF $F_T(t)$ for $t=0:.1:5$ hours;
 - b. compute mean time to detection as

$$E[T] = \int_{t=0}^{\infty} (1 - F_T(t)) dt .$$



Ans:

```
CDF =
1 - (1 - Φ(-3.5/5)) exp(-4 * Φ(-3.5/5) * t)

meanT = simrule(1-CDF,dt)
```

2. Using the $\lambda-\sigma$ unimodal formula with $\lambda=2$ jumps/hr, $\sigma=3$ dB, and

$$\overline{SE}(t) = \begin{cases} \sin(t) - 1, & t \in [0, 3\pi/2] \\ -2, & t > 3\pi/2 \end{cases}$$

- a. compute and plot $F_T(t)$ for $t=0:.1:5$ hours;
- b. compute mean time to detect.

Note that

$$\overline{SE}^*(t) = \begin{cases} \sin(t) - 1, & t \in [0, \pi/2] \\ 0, & t > \pi/2 \end{cases}$$

